UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA In Re: Toyota Motor Corp. Unintended Acceleration Marketing, Sales Practices, and Products Liability CASE NO: 8:10ML2151 JVS (FMOx) Litigation AMENDMENT TO ORDER NO. 5: PHASE I DISCOVERY This document relates to: **ALL CASES** The Phase I Discovery Plan anticipated that there would be coordination with other state and federal proceedings. (E.g., Order No. 5, § 1.D.) However, the mechanics of such coordination were not spelled out. On August 24, 2010, the Court received letter briefs and conducted a telephone conference concerning Phase I Rule 30(b)(6) depositions which will commence next week. The Court determined that there should be an explicit opportunity for state counsel in Toyota cases and counsel in other Toyota federal proceedings ("non-MDL counsel") to participate in these depositions. The Court

also determined the narrow scope of these depositions should be maintained both in focus and general time limitations.

Apart from clarifying the mechanics for participation of non-MDL counsel, the Court believes that three topics are broader in scope than the majority of the essentially foundational topics, and that a time adjustment should be made now. These are topics 11, 12, and 16.¹

Accordingly, the Court amends the first two paragraphs of Section IV.C of Order No. 5 in full as follows:

With respect to topics other than topics 11, 12, and 16, consistent with Fed. R. Civ. P. 30(d)(1),

- the deposition of each native English-speaking deponent shall be limited to seven and one half (7 1/2) total hours, excluding time taken for breaks, meals, and other reasons, and not extend beyond one (1) day, except by agreement of the Parties or with leave of the Special Masters or the Court; provided that one (1) hour shall be allocated to non-MDL counsel, and that non-MDL counsel may use any unused time allocated to MDL counsel;
- the deposition of each non-native English speaking deponent shall be limited to ten and one half (10 1/2) total hours, excluding time taken for breaks, meals, and other reasons, and

¹Of course, the actual conduct of these depositions may indicate that additional time is required for other topics, and the Plan deals with that possibility. (Order No. 5., § IV.C.)

not extend beyond one (1) day, except by agreement of the Parties or with leave of the Special Masters or the Court; provided that one (1) hour shall be allocated to non-MDL counsel, and that non-MDL counsel may use any unused time allocated to MDL counsel.

With respect to topics 11, 12, and 16, consistent with Fed. R. Civ. P. 30(d)(1),

- the deposition of each native English-speaking deponent shall be limited to eight and one half (8 1/2) total hours, excluding time taken for breaks, meals, and other reasons, and not extend beyond one (1) day, except by agreement of the Parties or with leave of the Special Masters or the Court; provided that two (2) hours shall be allocated to non-MDL counsel, and that non-MDL counsel may use any unused time allocated to MDL counsel;
- the deposition of each non-native English speaking deponent shall be limited to eleven and one half (11 1/2) total hours, excluding time taken for breaks, meals, and other reasons, and not extend beyond one and one half (1 1/2) days, except by agreement of the Parties or with leave of the Special Masters or the Court; provided that two (2) hours shall be allocated to non-MDL counsel, and that non-MDL counsel may use any unused time allocated to MDL counsel.

In making these changes, the Court has several goals. First, the Court

acknowledges that if efficiencies for the judiciary as a whole in the United States and the litigants in the related actions pending throughout the United States are to be achieved, the participation of non-MDL counsel is important and necessary. The Court anticipates that more extensive opportunities for non-MDL counsel to participate will be provided in the Phase II Discovery Plan which will cover the remaining discovery.² Second, at the same time, the Court acknowledges that the participation on non-MDL counsel in these proceedings is voluntary, and is not intended to preempt or coopt rights which they may have in their home jurisdictions. Third, in fairness to all the parties, the Court anticipates that non-MDL counsel will not seek to repeat in their separate proceedings the discovery in which they have participated and which they have taken in these MDL proceedings. Such a result would be unfair to the Toyota defendants and would undermine the collaborative efforts supported by the plaintiffs' leadership counsel in these proceedings, particularly the efforts of the Liaison Committee for State and other Federal Litigation. (See Order No. 2, § 1.)

The parties have proposed separate forms of orders dealing with additional mechanics for coordination, and the Court will shortly be entering a further order.

In view of the parties' agreement on additional Rule 30(b)(6) topics, the Court amends Section II.A.1 to add the following topics:

22. The identity, nature, and location, and retention of documents related to the design and testing of brake override systems in Toyota

²In contrast to Phase II, the majority of deposition topics in Phase I are foundational, and it seems unlikely that the peculiarities of the non-MDL cases would elicit substantially different testimony.

1	vehicles.
2	
3	23. The identity of the persons and departments involved in the
4	design, evaluation, and testing of brake override systems in Toyota
5	vehicles.
6	
7	24. A general description of the brake override systems in Toyota
8	vehicles.
9	IT IC CO ODDEDED
10	IT IS SO ORDERED.
11	Dated: August 26, 2010
12	Dated. August 20, 2010
13	James V. Selna
14	United States District Judge
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	5