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**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA – WESTERN DIVISION**

LA ALLIANCE FOR HUMAN
RIGHTS, *et. al.*
Plaintiff(s),

v.

City of Los Angeles, *et. al.*
Defendant(s).

CASE NO.: 20-CV-02291-DOC-KES

Hon. David O. Carter

**INTERVENORS' RESPONSE TO
CITY'S OBJECTION RE: ORDER
SETTING FEBRUARY 10, 2026
HEARING AND REQUEST FOR STAY
[DKT. 1151]**

Action Filed: March 10, 2020

**INTERVENORS' RESPONSE TO CITY OF LOS ANGELES'S OBJECTION TO
FEBRUARY 10 2026 HEARING AND REQUEST FOR STAY**

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Intervenors LA CAN and Los Angeles Catholic Worker respectfully submit their response to the City’s February 7, 2026 objection regarding the order setting the February 10, 2026 hearing and the City’s request for a stay. Intervenors do not object to the request for a stay, to the extent the proceedings relate to *Cangress v. City of Los Angeles*, LA Superior Court, Case No. 25STCP00261 (“Brown Act litigation”). However, as outlined below, Intervenors respectfully submit that the Court’s inquiry into possible misrepresentations by the City related to the approval of the Encampment Reduction Plan are separate and distinct from the issues being decided in the Brown Act litigation and therefore, this Court may resolve those issues without interfering with the Brown Act litigation or impermissibly intruding on the jurisdiction of the state court.

The Underlying Brown Act Litigation

As the Court is aware, Intervenor LA CAN is also the petitioner in the Brown Act Litigation. As an initial matter, LA CAN brought the Brown Act Litigation not as an intervenor in this litigation, but rather, as a member of the public that was deprived of legally-mandated transparency by the City Council of its discussions related to a matter of significant public importance—namely, the clearing of nearly 10,000 homeless encampments. As outlined in their petition, the City attempted to use these proceedings, and specifically, the contempt proceedings, to discuss and approve the ERP entirely behind closed doors, without any public scrutiny or transparency. While LA CAN was aware of the Brown Act violation because of their role as intervenor in this case, LA CAN brought the Brown Act litigation because of its decades-long fight for transparency in City Hall, particularly when it comes to the City’s criminalization of homelessness.

Importantly, in the Brown Act litigation, LA CAN does not seek an invalidation of the approval of the ERP, to the extent such approval occurred. While that remedy is available in some Brown Act proceedings, *see* Ca. Gov’t Code § 54960.1, LA CAN did not seek this as a remedy in its lawsuit. LA CAN instead seek a writ of mandate and declaration that the City had violated the Brown Act, disclosure of the minutes of the

1 meeting, and prospective relief to ensure the City does not violate the Brown Act in the
2 future.

3
4 **The City's Request for a Stay**

5 To the extent the proceedings on Tuesday rely on the City's violation of the Brown
6 Act, LA CAN does not object to the City's request for a stay, pending the resolution of
7 Brown Act litigation. The City is correct that the case remains ongoing while the parties
8 meet and confer about the scope of the judgment and will remain pending during any
9 subsequent appeal. Without weighing in on the City's objections to the judgment and
10 obviously disagreeing with the City about the merits of any arguments it may have about
11 the Brown Act or Judge Kin's ruling, LA CAN agrees that the City remains within its
12 right to assert that it did not violate the Brown Act and is entitled to a final judgment in
13 those proceedings before it faces any possible consequences stemming from the Brown
14 Act violations in these proceedings.¹

15
16 **Inquiry into the City's Representations Regarding the Approval of the ERP**

17 To the extent the Court's focus on Tuesday's contempt proceeding is the City's
18 representation to this Court that the "9,800 encampment reduction plan and milestones
19 were presented to the City Council on January 31, 2024 , which approved them without
20 delay," Dkt. 713 ¶ 8, Intervenor's do not object to the proceedings. Those proceedings
21 can move forward without interference with the Brown Act litigation or even reference to
22 the City's Brown Act violations. The issue of potential misrepresentations by the City in
23 these proceedings is separate from the underlying issues raised in the Brown Act
24 litigation, which relate in part to whether the City was entitled to discuss and "approve"
25 the plan in closed session. Nor does the resolution of the issue of misrepresentation

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27 ¹ The City's requested stay would prevent the Court from ruling on the issue during the
28 pendency of those proceedings. Assuming the City does appeal the Brown Act ruling,
this would likely prevent the Court from ruling on the issue before June 30, 2027, when
the Court's jurisdiction over the settlement is currently set to expire. See Dkt. 429-1.

1 require an interrogation into the contents of the Closed Session beyond what the City
2 itself has already disclosed. Moreover, the issue of whether the City Council approved
3 the ERP falls squarely within this Court’s purview, including within the bounds of these
4 contempt proceedings, as outlined in the Court’s orders related to the proceedings.

5 First, the question of whether the ERP was actually approved, as the City
6 Attorney’s office represented that it was, stems from the City’s own contradictory
7 representations in two separate proceedings, and what appears to be yet another attempt
8 by the City to give definitions to words and phrases that are inconsistent with either the
9 plain language of the word or related legal definitions of those words—in this case,
10 definitions that appear in the City Charter and City Council rules.

11 As this Court is aware, on February 2, 2024, the LA Alliance filed a motion for
12 settlement compliance against the City, alleging in part that the City had not timely
13 fulfilled its obligations to create and approve the ERP, as required by Section 5.2 of the
14 Settlement Agreement. Dkt. 668. In the declaration in support of the motion, counsel for
15 the LA Alliance stated that she had been informed that the City Council had considered
16 and approved the ERP on January 31, 2024 and she had been provided the plan on
17 February 1, 2024. Dkt. 668-1. The “milestone goals” she was provided were attached to
18 her declaration.

19 Following a number of court hearings related to the motion for settlement
20 compliance and in order to resolve issues related to the factual disputes between the
21 parties, counsel for the Plaintiffs and the City submitted a Joint Stipulation to Resolve
22 Motion for Order re: Settlement Agreement. Dkt. 713. That statement of facts was
23 signed by the Chief Assistant City Attorney Scott Marcus, then counsel of record for the
24 City of Los Angeles. The joint stipulation stated unequivocally that “The 9,800
25 encampment reduction plan and milestones were presented to the City Council on
26 January 31, 2024, which approved them without delay.” Dkt. 713, ¶ 8.

27 After reviewing the recording of the January 31, 2024 city council meeting and
28 confirming that the ERP had not been disclosed publicly, Intervenor’s counsel contacted

1 the City Clerk to inquire about the plan and its approval—specifically, the tally of the
2 vote for the ERP. The Clerk did not respond.

3 On October 30, 2026, LA CAN’s attorneys sent a letter to the City Attorney’s
4 office related to what they perceived to be a violation of the Brown Act, i.e., the
5 discussion and approval of the ERP in closed session and the failure to disclose the vote
6 on the ERP. In response, Assistant City Attorney Strefan Fauble responded and stated for
7 the first time that the vote related to the ERP need not be disclosed—not because of the
8 Brown Act, but rather, because “no vote was taken.” A true and correct copy of Mr.
9 Fauble’s letter is attached as Exhibit A.

10 The City argues in its objection that the Court is assuming that “a City Council
11 vote was required to approve the encampment reduction plan” and goes on to state that
12 “the Encampment reduction plan did not require a formal vote of the city Council to
13 effectuate approval.” Dkt. 1151 at 3. However, Intervenor’s understand the Court’s
14 February 7, 2026 order as inquiring into whether the City misrepresented to the Court
15 that the City Council considered the ERP and milestones and the City Council “approved
16 them without delay.” The City Charter and City Council rules provide only one way for
17 the City Council to take action, namely a majority vote by its members. Specifically, Los
18 Angeles City Charter, Sec. 244 states that except as otherwise provided in the Charter,
19 action by the Council shall be taken by a majority vote of the entire membership of the
20 Council. The City Council’s rules likewise require that, “(e)xcept as otherwise required
21 by the Charter or other law, or by these rules where not inconsistent therewith, action by
22 the Council shall be taken by a majority vote of the entire membership of the Council.”
23 Rules of the City Council, Chapter IV, Rule 25. Although certainly the question of
24 whether the City legally approved the ERP is a relevant inquiry, statements by the City’s
25 lawyers raise another highly relevant question--whether the City misrepresented to the
26 Court that the *City Council* approved the ERP.

27 An inquiry into this issue does not require even a consideration of whether the City
28 was entitled to convene this discussion in closed session, which is the issue in the Brown

1 Act litigation, nor does it require any inquiry into any privileges the City is now
2 attempting to assert.² Even assuming any of these privileges would apply or that the
3 *actions* taken by the City Council, i.e., the approval of the ERP, constitute attorney-client
4 communications, the questions raised by the Court stem from disclosures already made
5 by the City about what occurred in the closed session. *See* Ca. Evid. Code § 912(a)
6 (privilege is waived with respect to a communication protected by the privilege if any
7 holder of the privilege...has disclosed to a significant part of the communication or has
8 consented to disclosure made by anyone”). Mr. Marcus represented that the City
9 Council “approved [the milestones and deadlines] without delay.” Dkt. 713 at ¶ 8.
10 Likewise, in the prior contempt hearing, Matt Szabo testified that the City Council
11 approved the ERP. Dkt. 955, 133:25-134:01. It is fair game, therefore, to inquire what
12 Mr. Marcus and Mr. Szabo meant when they stated that the City Council approved the
13 ERP. Likewise, Strefan Fauble, another attorney in the City Attorney’s office, opened
14 the door about how the approval was given—if it was—by representing that “no vote was
15 taken.” Exh. A.

16 The City attempts in its most recent filing to maintain its position that everything
17 that occurred during the January 31, 2024 meeting is covered by the Brown Act and
18 cannot be disclosed. *See* Dkt. 1151 at 3 (discussing the requirement of a formal vote
19 “without commenting on what did or did not occur in closed session”). But that ship has
20 already sailed. The City did disclose specific facts about what occurred in closed
21 session—in separate and seemingly contrary statements to the Court and LA CAN. The
22 City cannot now argue, when the Court attempts to inquiry about the contradictions, that
23 the inquiry is either prohibited by the Brown Act or that it is related to the Brown Act
24 litigation, such that this Court must abstain from inquiring into it.

26 ² While the City argues that an inquiry into the closed sessions “would necessarily seek
27 information the City maintains is privileged for multiple distinct reasons” including the
28 deliberative process privilege, the legislative privilege, and the official information
privilege,” Dkt. 1151 at 4, Petitioner strongly objects to the City’s representation that
these objections are before the Court in the Brown Act litigation.

1 **Conclusion**

2 To the extent the Court continues to be concerned with the veracity of the City's
3 representations to this Court regarding compliance with the settlement agreement and the
4 City's pattern of applying untenable definitions to commonly understood words and
5 phrases, the issue of the City's representations about the approval of the ERP fall
6 squarely within these proceedings. That issue can be addressed without stepping on the
7 jurisdiction of the state court or impinging on the pending Brown Act litigation. To that
8 end, Intervenorors have requested that Matt Szabo, Scott Marcus, and Strefan Fauble
9 appear at the hearing on February 10, 2026. The City has informed Intervenorors that Mr.
10 Szabo is not available but Mr. Marcus and Mr. Fauble are available.³

11
12 DATED: February 9, 2026

LEGAL AID FOUNDATION OF LOS
ANGELES

14
15 By: /s/
Shayla Myers

16 *Attorneys for Intervenorors CANGRESS and*
17 *LOS ANGELES CATHOLIC WORKER*

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28 ³ The City indicated that it will object to testimony by these witnesses.

EXHIBIT A



Office of the Los Angeles City Attorney
Hydee Feldstein Soto

November 27, 2024

VIA EMAL ONLY

Jonathan L. Segal
Davis Wright Tremaine LLP
Suite 2400
865 South Figueroa Street
Los Angeles, CA 90017-2566
jonathansegal@dwt.com

Re: October 30, 2024 Cease and Desist Letter

Dear Mr. Lachman,

This letter is in response to Davis Wright Tremaine, LLP's ("DWT") October 30, 2024 cease and desist letter on behalf of the Los Angeles Community Action Network ("LACAN"). DWT cites to no applicable legal authority for its position.

Post Settlement Discussions in Closed Session

In issuing its opinion, which is persuasive only, the Attorney General merely *affirmed* that a local authority is permitted to go into closed session to discuss settlements, including, but not limited to "... the upper and lower limits with respect to settlement, whether to accept a settlement or make a counter offer, or even whether to settle at all." (75 Ops. Cal. Atty. Gen. 14, 1992 WL 469698 at 4). The Attorney General Opinion identified one specific matter that was ripe for a closed session discussion. In doing so it did not under any circumstances exclude the possibility that a local authority could go into closed session to discuss other matters.

The California Court of Appeals agrees, recognizing a local authority's need to discuss matters regarding the avoidance of litigation as also being appropriate for closed session discussion.

"Settlement **and avoidance of litigation** are particularly sensitive activities, whose conduct would be grossly confounded, often made impossible, by indiscriminating insistence on open lawyer-client conferences . . . If the public's 'right to know' compelled admission of an audience, the ringside seats would be occupied by the government's adversary, delighted to capitalize on every revelation of weakness."

Jonathan L. Segal
Davis Wright Tremaine LLP
November 27, 2024
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(*Sacramento Newspaper Guild v. Sacramento County Bd. Of Suprs.*, (1968) 263 Cal.App.2d 41, 55.)

Post Closed Session Disclosure Requirements

The Brown Act requires a local authority to disclose a settlement, or in this case an agreement, *after it is final*. (Govt. Code Sec. 54957.1(a)(3).).

Regarding the January 31, 2024 closed session, no settlement or agreement was voted on or approved. In fact, no vote was taken. Therefore, there could not be anything to report out of the January 31, 2024 closed session.

As for the May 1, 2024 closed session, DWT asserts that the MOU with the County “was executed on May 2, 2024, and is provided in Attachment 1.” (DWT’s October 30, 2024 Cease and Desist Letter, at 2). The City does not dispute this. The MOU was modified, finalized, and ultimately executed in Federal Court on May 2, 2024 – a day after DWT alleges City Council approved the MOU. (See the attached court docket re: Case 2:20-cv-02291, which includes the MOU). Because any City Council action would not have made the MOU final—since it was subject to later approval by the other party and the Court—the Brown Act did not require anything to be reported out of the May 1, 2024 closed session.

The City has always complied with its post-closed session disclosure requirements under the Brown Act when a settlement or agreement is *final*. It will continue to do so. Please direct all future correspondence regarding this matter to Assistant City Attorney, Strefan Fauble (strefan.fauble@lacity.org) and cc’ Deputy City Attorneys, Tanea Ysaguirre (tanea.ysaguirre@lacity.org) and Jonathan Groat (jonathan.groat@lacity.org).

Respectfully Submitted,
Hydee Feldstein Soto, City Attorney



Strefan Fauble
Assistant City Attorney
Office of the Los Angeles City Attorney

cc: Samantha Lachman, Esq.

**MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN
THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES AND THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES**

This Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") is entered into by and between the County of Los Angeles, a subdivision of the State of California ("County"), and the City of Los Angeles, a municipal corporation ("City"), for purposes of funding and expanding housing, outreach, and supportive services for people experiencing homelessness ("PEH"). County and City will be referred to herein individually as "Party" and together as "Parties."

RECITALS

WHEREAS, City and County have long forged an unprecedented partnership in recognition of the need for a comprehensive, centralized response to counteract the myriad causes of homelessness within their boundaries;

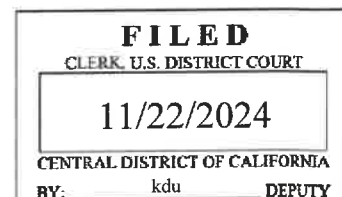
WHEREAS, on August 17, 2015, the Los Angeles County Board of Supervisors ("Board") launched the Homeless Initiative to combat the homelessness crisis. The Homeless Initiative convened 18 policy summits on nine topics from October 1 to December 3, 2015, which brought together County departments, cities, other public agencies, and a wide range of community partners and stakeholders. On February 9, 2016, the Board approved 47 strategies that reach across government and community boundaries to forge effective partnerships and get results. On the same day, the Los Angeles City Council ("Council") approved the City Comprehensive Homeless Strategy, which was developed and adopted in tandem with the Homeless Initiative to increase focus on short- and long-term homelessness issues;

WHEREAS, in November 2016, voters overwhelmingly approved Proposition HHH, which authorized City to issue up to \$1.2 billion in general obligation bonds to partially subsidize the development of supportive housing units for individuals and families who are experiencing homelessness or are at risk of becoming homeless;

WHEREAS, in March 2017, voters also approved Measure H by over a two-thirds vote, a landmark 0.25-cent County sales tax to provide an estimated \$355 million per year for ten years to fund a comprehensive regional approach encompassing 21 interconnected strategies in six areas to combat homelessness. City and County have deployed resources from Proposition HHH and Measure H to build thousands of housing units and deliver an expanded network of supportive services to PEH;

WHEREAS, in December 2017, City and County entered into a memorandum of understanding providing that, for a ten-year term, the City will create 10,000 new Permanent Supportive Housing ("PSH") units and County will provide supportive services, including intensive case management services and integrated health services, for each unit created by City;

WHEREAS, in response to the COVID-19 crisis, City and County partnered to immediately provide PEH with safe and secure sites to shelter in place while seeking permanent housing;



WHEREAS, on December 12, 2022, City declared a state of emergency on homelessness given the magnitude of loss of life, the persistent and disproportionate impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, and the persistent discriminatory impacts of a lack of housing;

WHEREAS, on January 10, 2023, County proclaimed a local emergency for homelessness in Los Angeles County due to the existence of conditions of extreme peril to the safety of persons on the basis of pervasive and pernicious homelessness in the County;

WHEREAS, City and County continue to make addressing homelessness a top priority, and desire to further expand their collaboration to house and serve PEH, including the most vulnerable people experiencing chronic homelessness;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual promises, covenants and conditions set forth herein, the Parties hereto agree as follows:

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this MOU is to establish a framework for funding and expanding housing, outreach, and supportive services for PEH, as well as for facilitating data-sharing and other forms of collaboration. This MOU does not arise from a legal obligation and does not resolve any litigation. This MOU supersedes and replaces the Agreement to Terms between the City and County dated September 2022.

II. RECITALS

The Recitals to this MOU are incorporated into and shall constitute a part of this MOU and to the same extent and the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.

III. DEFINITIONS

The following terms when used in this MOU shall have the meanings assigned to them below, regardless of capitalization:

- a. **"2017 MOU"**: The December 2017 Memorandum of Understanding between the City and County providing that, for a ten-year term, the City will create 10,000 new PSH units and County will provide Mainstream Services for each unit created by City.
- b. **"Beds"**: Any housing or shelter services, including but not limited to tiny homes, shared housing, purchased or master-leased apartments, hotels/motels or other buildings, congregate shelters, PSH, rental assistance/rapid rehousing, family reunification, sprung structures or tents, safe parking, safe sleeping/camping, affordable housing, and interim housing (including A Bridge Home beds).
- c. **"Bed Rate"**: Refers to the daily or nightly fee paid to an interim housing provider to house one person. This fee covers the basic cost of sheltering an individual and includes accommodation, meals, security, assessment, case management, linkage

to health/behavioral health services, general operations, and management services.

- d. **"City PEH"**: People experiencing homelessness in the City of Los Angeles, or PEH who were in the City before they were placed in a County bed outside of the City.
- e. **"City Settlement"**: The June 14, 2022 settlement agreement between the City and Plaintiffs in connection with the action entitled *LA Alliance for Human Rights et al. v. City of Los Angeles et al.*, U.S. District Court for the Central District of California, Case No. 2:20-CV-02291 ("*LA Alliance*");
- f. **"County Settlement"**: The September 29, 2023 settlement agreement between the County and Plaintiffs in connection with *LA Alliance*.
- g. **"Freeway/Roadmap MOU"**: The October 9, 2020 Memorandum of Understanding between the City and County, to finance the development of and provide Mainstream Services at 6,700 beds for vulnerable PEH, including those living within 500 feet of a freeway overpass, underpass, and ramp, or who are 65 years or older.

County's obligations under this MOU, including the provision or funding of any services, are in addition to, and shall not supplant, the obligations, including the provision or funding of services, provided by County under the Freeway/Roadmap MOU.

- h. **"HOME teams"**: The Homeless Outreach and Mobile Engagement teams deployed by County Department of Mental Health ("DMH") to provide psychiatric support, outreach, and intensive case management to PEH with serious mental illnesses. References to HOME teams include the increased number of teams created pursuant to the County Settlement.
- i. **"Mainstream Services"**: County Department of Public Social Services ("DPSS") public assistance programs, DMH mental health services, County Department of Public Health-Substance Abuse Prevention and Control ("DPH-SAPC") services, and benefits advocacy services to clients who meet eligibility criteria for these services.
- j. **"MDTs"**: The Multi-Disciplinary Teams deployed by County Department of Health Services ("DHS") whose staff have physical health, mental health, substance use, case management, and peer support experience and serve PEH with more complex health and/or behavioral health conditions. References to MDTs include the increased number of teams created pursuant to the County Settlement.
- k. **"PSH"**: Permanent supportive housing.

- l. **“PSH Services”**: Social welfare or benefits administered by or through the County, including (1) Intensive Case Management Services (“ICMS”) and integrated health services; (2) Mainstream Services; and (3) services to facilitate a tenant's connection to primary care, specialty mental health services, and substance abuse disorder services.
- m. **“Refer,” “referral,” and “referring”**: The act of referring a PEH client for services, consultation, or other assistance through the formal process(es) outlined in this MOU.
- n. **“SUD”**: Substance use disorder.

IV. MOU TERM

This MOU shall become effective and operative when executed by the City and County and shall terminate on June 30, 2027, unless terminated sooner or extended by the Parties, in whole or in part, as provided in this MOU.

V. CITY RESPONSIBILITIES

a. Housing and Services

- i. City alone shall be responsible for confirming that all beds governed by this MOU are compliant with the City Settlement, and County shall bear no responsibility.

ii. Interim Housing

- 1. City shall be responsible for contracting for the interim housing beds City establishes under the City Settlement, and County bears no responsibility for City's contracts with bed providers.
- 2. City shall invoice County for the cost of interim housing beds established by City under the City Settlement as set forth in Section VI.a.i.I. City shall only invoice County for interim housing beds that (a) are included on City's quarterly reports in connection with the City Settlement; and (b) are active and that clients can be placed in (i.e., if a room has two beds but the site is using the room as single occupancy then City will only invoice County for one bed). City will not retroactively add interim housing beds to its quarterly reports in connection with the City Settlement.
- 3. City shall invoice County in arrears for the actual cost of interim housing beds City incurred from June 14, 2022, through the execution of this MOU that were included on the City's quarterly reports in connection with the City Settlement. City and County

acknowledge the Highland Gardens site is the only site that falls within this provision.

4. City will use best efforts to ensure access to City interim housing beds for City PEH who are connected to County services.
5. City interim housing sites will conduct assessments and connect clients to Mainstream Services, including by coordinating with County departments to provide services onsite, assisting clients with making appointments, providing appointment reminders, and coordinating transportation. These activities are consistent with existing interim housing contract terms.
6. City shall ensure that it is not seeking double reimbursement across the 2017 MOU, the Freeway/Roadmap MOU Deal, or the City Settlement. City shall provide County with quarterly reports on beds attributed to the 2017 MOU. City provides quarterly reports to the court on beds attributed to the Freeway/Roadmap MOU and City Settlement. Upon request, City will provide County with additional information on beds attributed to any of these agreements so that County has sufficient information to verify that there is no duplication of reimbursements for beds across agreements.

iii. PSH

1. City shall provide County a schedule by fiscal quarter, updated quarterly, of the PSH it intends to establish pursuant to the City Settlement.

b. Outreach

- i. City shall establish a City structure for outreach coordination that represents the Mayor's Office, Council Districts, and other City entities involved in outreach, and coordination between City and County will occur through this structure. City Council Offices may also meet with MDTs outside of this structure as set forth in Section VII.b.ii.
- ii. City shall ensure that City-funded outreach teams participate in trainings on how to access DMH, DHS, DPSS, and DPH services and that City-funded outreach teams document their referrals in Homeless Management Information System ("HMIS").

c. High Service Need Interim Housing Beds

- i. City shall prioritize the placement of City PEH exiting County Homeless Initiative-funded unlicensed high service need interim housing beds for

City interim housing beds once clients are ready to be discharged from County's high service need beds.

- ii. City shall establish a process for County to refer City PEH in County's Homeless Initiative-funded unlicensed high service need interim housing beds to City interim housing beds.

d. Prioritization of Housing Placements

- i. City is working with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") to develop a community housing preference program. Once approved by HUD, City will work with Los Angeles Homeless Services Authority ("LAHSA"), property owners and managers, and all other applicable project funders such as the County (DHS, DMH, LACDA), to apply the approved preferences to supportive housing units in the City.
- ii. City shall include City PEH served by County departments, outreach teams, and/or in County-funded beds in its selection process for City PSH placements, its community housing preference program, and its use of any HUD waivers to reduce barriers to entry.

e. Invoicing and Payment

- i. City shall invoice County as set forth in Section VI.a.i.1 only for the Bed Rate specified hereunder. City must prepare invoices, which will include the amount owed to City by County under the terms of this MOU, as well as back-up documentation by site. City's payments will be as provided in this MOU, and the City will be paid only for the Bed Rate approved in writing by the Parties.
- ii. City must submit invoices to County by the last calendar day of the month following the quarter of payment. All invoices under this MOU must be submitted to and have the written approval of the County's Chief Executive Office, Homeless Initiative, Executive Director, or designee, prior to payment. In no event will County be liable or responsible for any payment prior to such written approval. Approval for payment will not be unreasonably withheld.

VI. COUNTY'S RESPONSIBILITIES

a. Housing and Services

i. Interim Housing

1. Upon receipt of City's invoice(s) per Section V.a.ii, County shall reimburse City on a retroactive and go-forward basis for the Bed Rate at interim housing beds established by City pursuant to the

City Settlement between June 14, 2022, and June 30, 2027, consistent with the terms described herein. County's reimbursement shall be at the rates established by City and LAHSA, until an adjusted and standardized interim housing bed rate schedule is adopted. Upon adoption of the adjusted and standardized interim housing bed rate, the County will reimburse City for the Bed Rate consistent with the adjusted "basic bed rate" schedule.

2. In addition to the Bed Rate, County will provide Mainstream Services to clients in interim housing beds established by City pursuant to the City Settlement to clients who meet eligibility criteria for these services.

ii. PSH

1. County shall contract for and fund PSH Services for PEH in PSH units established by City pursuant to the City Settlement. These services shall be provided on a per unit basis as PSH units are established and become occupiable.
 2. County may use existing agreements between County and City, including the 2017 MOU, to fulfill its obligations herein.
 3. County shall work to prioritize referrals of PEH in the City to PSH placements in project-based units located within City limits, even if the units are funded and/or are operated by the County, subject to availability, eligibility requirements, and provided there is no rule, regulation, statute, or legal prohibition, and consistent with applicable funding sources requirements, contracts and agreements.
- iii. County's obligation to provide, contract for, and/or fund services and reimburse Bed Rates under this MOU is limited to a maximum of 3,100 interim housing units and 10,200 PSH units. By mutual agreement, the number of PSH units can increase by a corresponding decrease in the number of interim housing units.

b. Outreach

- i. Of the 34 MDTs and 10 HOME teams that County is assigning to conduct outreach exclusively in the City pursuant to the County Settlement, County shall allocate at least 1 MDT team per Council District and assign the remaining MDT teams where there is the greatest need as informed by the Point-In-Time ("PIT") Count. However, City acknowledges and expressly agrees that MDTs may work outside of their assigned Council District and HOME teams can work outside of their regularly assigned

areas in response to emergencies, weather events, City priorities requiring additional resources such as scheduled encampment resolutions, and to maintain continuity with clients who move across District boundaries.

- ii. County shall provide City-funded outreach teams with access to DMH, DHS, DPSS, and DPH services directly and through coordination with MDT and HOME teams assigned to City. County will not charge City to provide access or for any other Mainstream Service in connection with this provision.
- iii. County-funded outreach teams will have access to County Homeless Initiative-funded unlicensed high service need interim housing beds regardless of where they are located.
- iv. County shall collect and provide City, on a quarterly basis, MDT outreach data on a Council District by Council District basis using reports produced from HMIS.

c. High Service Need Interim Housing Beds

- i. County shall provide access to City-funded outreach teams to refer City PEH to Homeless Initiative-funded unlicensed high service need interim housing beds using County's centralized bed management for Homeless Initiative-funded unlicensed high service need interim housing beds.
- ii. County shall prioritize PEH in City-funded interim housing for County Homeless Initiative-funded unlicensed high service need interim housing beds, subject to availability, eligibility requirements, and provided there is no rule, regulation, statute, or legal prohibition, and consistent with applicable funding sources requirements, contracts and agreements, and or there is not a client with a greater or more immediate need. The Parties understand that Homeless Initiative-funded unlicensed high service need interim housing beds use funding streams intended to serve PEH countywide and prioritization for City PEH will not limit non-City PEH access to countywide beds with consideration of PIT Count.
- iii. The Parties will coordinate to ensure that lower acuity PEH occupying high service need interim housing beds are transitioned to more appropriate housing options to maximize availability of high service need beds.

d. Mental Health/SUD Beds

- i. A referral for City PEH to the beds described in this section will be a priority if there is no rule, regulation, statute, or legal prohibition and there is not a client with a greater or more immediate need.

- ii. County shall provide City with County's periodic reports to the County's Board of Supervisors on the number and type of beds currently administered by County and the pipeline of new beds.
- iii. County shall provide City with periodic reports, on at least a quarterly basis, on the number of City referrals, placements, offers and declined offers to these mental health/SUD beds. The periodic reports shall be based on documented City referrals using data that is available to County. City outreach worker referrals will consist of those referrals made using the process established in Section V.c.ii. The Parties will develop a process to document other types of City referrals.
- iv. County will partner with City to advocate and apply for additional State and federal funding to provide services to eligible County residents suffering from serious mental illness or substance use disorders, including PEH in City.
- v. County acknowledges it has certain responsibilities under state and federal law to provide services, at its sole expense, to eligible County residents suffering from serious mental illness or substance use disorders, including City PEH. Nothing in this MOU shall be construed to limit, take the place of, or interpret County's responsibilities under local, state, or federal law.

e. Prioritization of Housing Placements

- i. County shall work to prioritize referrals of City PEH to PSH placements in project-based units located within City limits, even if the units are funded and/or are operated by County. PSH placements shall be consistent with all federal and state laws and regulations, applicable funding sources requirements, and contracts and agreements.
- ii. County acknowledges it has certain responsibilities under state and federal law to provide services, at its sole expense, to eligible County residents suffering from serious mental illness or substance use disorders, including City PEH. Nothing in this MOU shall be construed to limit, take the place of, or interpret County's responsibilities under local, state, or federal law.

VII. JOINT RESPONSIBILITIES

a. Housing and Services

- i. The rate schedule for interim housing beds when adopted by City and County must provide funding options which are both best practice and fiscally sustainable.

- ii. City and County agree to meet to discuss the financial implications and to mitigate the impacts of the rate schedule on the interim housing beds the City will establish pursuant to the City Settlement.
- iii. Over the term of the MOU, the Parties shall periodically meet, at least every six months, to discuss potential continuation of supportive services for permanent and interim units beyond the term of this MOU.

b. Outreach

- i. County and City will develop a mutually agreeable schedule for outreach coordination meetings that shall include DMH, DHS, and DPH, and will consider the structure that City establishes for outreach coordination per Section IV.b.ii. The Parties shall leverage existing meetings whenever possible to minimize additional scheduling.
- ii. DHS and the MDTs shall meet regularly with each Council District Office to discuss operations and needs within that Council District. City acknowledges DHS holds the contracts for MDTs and is responsible for holding MDTs accountable. County acknowledges that City input provided through the outreach coordination structure described above shall be given great weight by County in planning service deployment and coverage. To the extent that County deployment and coverage does not match City's input, County shall articulate the basis for the difference.

c. Mental Health/SUD Beds

- i. City and County shall define a process for City PEH to access existing and new mental health and SUD beds (including a process for outreach workers engaging City PEH).
- ii. City PEH will have access to the beds regardless of whether those beds are in City limits. Placement of City PEH in these beds is subject to availability, eligibility requirements, and provided there is no rule, regulation, statute, or legal prohibition, and consistent with applicable funding sources requirements, contracts and agreements, and or there is not a client with a greater or more immediate need.

d. New Funding

- i. City and County shall meet periodically to discuss strategic maximization of local homeless and housing revenue sources, with consideration of alignment that supports the continuation of existing services beyond the terms of this MOU.

e. Partnership on City-/County Owned Land

- i. City and County will provide each other with land inventory of prioritized parcels for the creation of new interim or permanent housing units as mutually agreed by County and City, as such parcels are identified as appropriate as determined by each Party owning such parcel, in the exercise of its discretion.
- ii. Units created through this partnership can be credited to City's unit creation requirement under the City Settlement and/or the Freeway/Roadmap MOU upon mutual agreement between County and City.

VIII. FUNDING

- a. County hereby allocates to City an amount not to exceed the total amount of \$259,000,000, for the MOU Term as set forth in Section VI for the interim housing Bed Rate as described in this MOU. The not to exceed amount shall be adjusted if the basic bed rate under the standardized interim housing bed rate schedule exceeds \$100/night.

IX. OVERSIGHT

- a. Each Party agrees to maintain accurate and complete financial accounts, documents, and records relating to their performance under this MOU. All such material will be kept and maintained by each Party and will be made available to the other Party, upon reasonable notice, during the term of this MOU and for a period of five years thereafter unless the other Party's written permission is given to dispose of any such material prior to such time.
- b. Either Party, within thirty (30) days of notification from the other Party of any findings relating to the appropriateness and validity of expenditures under the terms of this MOU, may dispute the findings in writing and provide records and/or documentation to support the expenditure claims. The Party that made the findings shall review this documentation and make a final determination as to the validity of the expenditures.
- c. It is understood and agreed that any funds paid to City pursuant to Section VI.a.i may only be used for the interim housing costs specified in this MOU. In furtherance of this understanding, it is agreed that should County determine that any funds paid to City hereunder have been used for other purposes, County shall engage City in good faith to address the dispute under the procedures developed

under Section IX concerning the refund of any such improperly used funds to the County.

- d. City and County shall discuss oversight measures over this MOU, including adding County representation to City's Homeless Strategy Committee (HSC). To ensure the oversight group remains effective in meeting the evolving needs of the Parties, the Parties shall maintain the flexibility to adjust the group's composition and form through mutual written agreement.

X. IMPLEMENTATION

City and County shall develop and implement appropriate procedures governing the performance of all requirements under this MOU and shall be responsible for meeting and conferring in good faith to address any disputes, which may arise concerning implementation of this MOU.

XI. MODIFICATIONS AND REVISIONS

This MOU constitutes the entire agreement between Parties hereto, and no oral understanding not incorporated herein will be binding on any Party. This MOU may only be modified, altered or revised, as necessary, by mutual consent of Parties hereto by the issuance of a written amendment, signed and dated by Parties.

XII. CONFIDENTIALITY

City and County must comply with all applicable federal, State, and local laws and regulations pertaining to confidentiality of records.

XIII. PRESS RELEASES AND COMMUNICATIONS

To the extent feasible, both Parties shall be invited to participate when communicating with the press, television, radio or any other form of media regarding duties or performance under this MOU. Participation of each Party in press/media presentations will be determined by each Party's public relations policies. Unless a Party directs otherwise, each Party shall make specific reference to both Parties in all communications regarding this MOU.

XIV. INDEMNIFICATION

Pursuant to the provisions of sections 895.4 et seq. of the California Government Code, each Party agrees to indemnify and hold the other harmless from all loss or liability for injury or damage, actual or alleged, to person or property arising out of or resulting from the indemnifying Party's acts or omissions in the performance of this MOU. In the event of third-party loss caused by the negligence, wrongful act or omission of more than one Party, each Party hereto shall bear financial responsibility in proportion to its percentage of fault as may be mutually agreed between them or judicially determined. The provisions of California Civil Code section 2778 regarding interpretation of indemnity agreements are hereby incorporated into this MOU.

XV. NOTICES AND APPROVALS

- a. Any notices or other communication relating to or required or permitted hereunder shall be in writing and shall be delivered to the representative of the Party at the address set forth below. Each Party shall promptly notify the other of any change of contact information. Written notice shall include notice delivered via email. A notice shall be deemed to have been received on (a) the date of delivery if delivered by hand during regular business hours, or by confirmed email; or (b) on the third business day following mailing by registered or certified mail (return receipt requested) to the addresses set forth below.
- b. All notices, approvals, and invoicing shall be directed to and made by the following representatives of the Parties:

To the County: Chief Executive Office, Homeless Initiative
Attn: Cheri Todoroff, Executive Director
500 W. Temple Street, Suite 493
Los Angeles, CA 90012
CTodoroff@ceo.lacounty.gov and
E-mail: HIAdmin@ceo.lacounty.gov

To the City: City Administrative Officer
Attn: Matthew W. Szabo, CAO;
Edwin C. Gipson II, Assistant CAO
200 N. Main Street, Suite 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012-4137
E-mail: Matt.Szabo@lacity.org
Email: Edwin.Gipson@lacity.org

Any Party may change its notice recipient or address for providing notice to it by notifying the other Party in writing setting forth such new notice recipient or address.

XVI. RELATIONSHIP OF THE PARTIES

The Parties are, and shall remain at all times as to each other, wholly independent entities. No Party shall have power to incur any debt, obligation, or liability on behalf of any other Party unless expressly authorized by this MOU. No employee, agent, or officer of one Party shall be deemed for any purpose whatsoever to be an agent, employee, or officer of the other Party.

XVII. FORCE MAJEURE

No Party to this MOU shall be deemed in violation of it if it is prevented from performing any of the obligations hereunder by reason of boycotts, labor disputes, embargoes, shortage of material, act of God, strikes, lockouts, labor troubles, inability to procure labor or materials, fire, accident, laws or regulations of general applicability, act of superior governmental authority, weather conditions, sabotage, or any other cause or

circumstances for which it is not responsible and beyond its control (financial inability excepted). Any Party intending to assert force majeure shall notify the other Party in writing as soon as practicable following the date the Party first knew, or by the exercise of reasonable diligence should have known, of the force majeure event.


XVIII. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- a. This MOU is governed by and shall be interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of California, excluding its conflict of law rules. The Parties agree that any action relating to any dispute, claim, or controversy regarding the validity, enforcement, interpretation, or breach of this MOU shall only be commenced in and maintained in, and the Parties hereby stipulate to the jurisdiction only of, the courts in Los Angeles, California.
- b. If any part of this MOU is found to be illegal, invalid, or unenforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction, the legality, validity, and enforceability of the remaining parts, terms, or provisions of this MOU shall not be affected thereby and shall remain in full force and effect. The illegal, unenforceable, or invalid part, term, or provision shall no longer be deemed to be part of this MOU. It is the desire and intent of the Parties that the provisions of this MOU be enforced to the fullest extent permissible under applicable laws.
- c. This MOU may be executed in counterparts, each of which so executed will be deemed to be an original and will together constitute one and the same agreement. Manual signatures may be provided by facsimile, or digitally scanned and provided by electronic mail.
- d. Each Party shall be responsible for and bear its own attorneys' fees and costs incurred in connection with this MOU.

* * *

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, City has executed this MOU, or caused it to be duly executed by its authorized representative, and County by order of its Board, has delegated to its Chief Executive Officer the authority to execute this Agreement on its behalf on the date and year written below.

CITY OF LOS ANGELES

By 
 MATTHEW W. SZABO
 City Administrative Officer

Date May 2, 2024

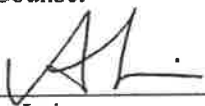
By 
Scott Marcus
Chief Assitant City Attorney

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

By  Date MAY 2, 2024
FESIA A. DAVENPORT
Chief Executive Officer

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

DAWYN R. HARRISON
County Counsel

By 
Ana Lai
Senior Deputy County Counsel